## EU Deforestation Regulation: In brief

- The European Union Deforestation Regulation (EUDR) is aimed at ensuring that products derived from certain commodities (cattle, cocoa, coffee, oil palm, rubber, soya, wood), which are placed on the EU market or exported from the EU, have not caused deforestation or forest degradation during their production.
- The EUDR impacts all trade within and between the current 27 member states of the EU, the exports from and imports to them.
- It will enter into application on 30 December 2024.
- Relevant commodities and products shall not be placed or made available on the Union market, or exported from the Union market, unless all the following conditions are fulfilled (Article 3):
  - they are **deforestation-free**;
  - they have been produced in accordance with the **relevant legislation of the country of production**; *and*
  - they are covered by a Due Diligence statement.
- Operators placing products on the EU market for the first time or export them shall exercise due diligence to ensure that the product is deforestation-free and legal.

## Info about the EUDR:

- The regulation text: <u>Regulation 2023/1115 EN EUR-</u> <u>Lex (europa.eu)</u>
- European Commission web-site on the EUDR: <u>Deforestation Regulation implementation</u>
- European Commission FAQs on EUDR: FAQ Deforestation Regulation
- Sappi's info session on March 25<sup>th</sup> 2024: Webinar slides of March 25<sup>th</sup>, 2024 and recording.
- Confederation of European Paper Industries (CEPI) on EUDR: <u>Slides of the webinar on March 6<sup>th</sup>, 2024</u>
- EUDR Competent Authorities (CA): List of the designated Competent Authorities
- FSC & EUDR: <u>https://fsc.org/en/eudr-regulation-on-deforestation-free-products</u>
- PEFC & EUDR: <u>https://pefc.org/eudr</u>